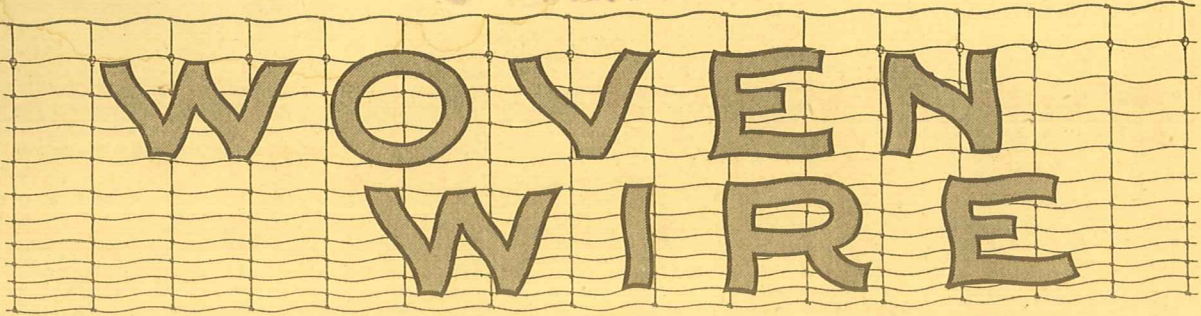


PAGE

A.W. GAND. AGENT
GARROLLTON ILL.



WOVEN
WIRE

A
FENCE
FOR
EVERY
PURPOSE.

FENCE Co.,

ADRIAN, MICH., U.S.A.

Introductory



his catalogue tells something of the origin of Page Fence. It was evolved out of the usual line, and came about in this way :

Mr. Page was first and last a farmer and stockman. He was born that way, brought up on a farm, and, after the war, a farmer by choice, and all this time a student in farm economics. The labor and cost of farm fences early attracted his serious consideration, and years of study and experimenting developed *the combination* of principles as applied in what later came to be acknowledged as the

Standard Woven Wire Fence of the World.

This was not a case of "accidentally getting an idea of a new machine" to weave something on, and calling it a fence. No !—the fence was his study and the machine to make it entirely an after consideration. He was the "fence crank" of his neighborhood ; but having gotten a well-defined idea of what kind of a fence he wanted to produce, he went at it, erected it by hand, tested it thoroughly by years of use, found it practical and economical, and then, in order to cheapen its construction, the necessity of a loom for weaving it was manifest. To sum up, he and brother farmers worked the problem out, and the *real farmer's fence* was brought out and called *Page Fence*.

PAGE WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO.,

ADRIAN, MICH

ESTABLISHED 1886

Page Woven Wire Fence Co.

Manufacturers of

Coiled Spring Woven Wire Fencing,
Wrought-Iron Fencing, Farm Gates,
Rods, Wire, Nails and Staples

Adrian, Michigan, U. S. A.

J. Wallace Page, President

Austin Clement, 1st Vice-President

Charles M. Lamb, 2nd Vice-President

Arthur B. Cody, Secretary

Leslie B. Robertson, Treas. & Ass't Sec'y.

THEN AND NOW

Years ago we used to say that a fence was so many rails high, and the number ranged from four to twelve, with or without blocks under the corners, to suit the individual's taste.

When a neighbor told you that his fence was nine rails high, it was about as definite a statement as when the fellow said he had a cinder in his eye about as large as a lump of chalk, because rails might be anywhere from three inches to one foot in diameter, and oftentimes both these sizes were used in the same fence, and you could not tell anything about the height of the fence or the spaces between the rails.

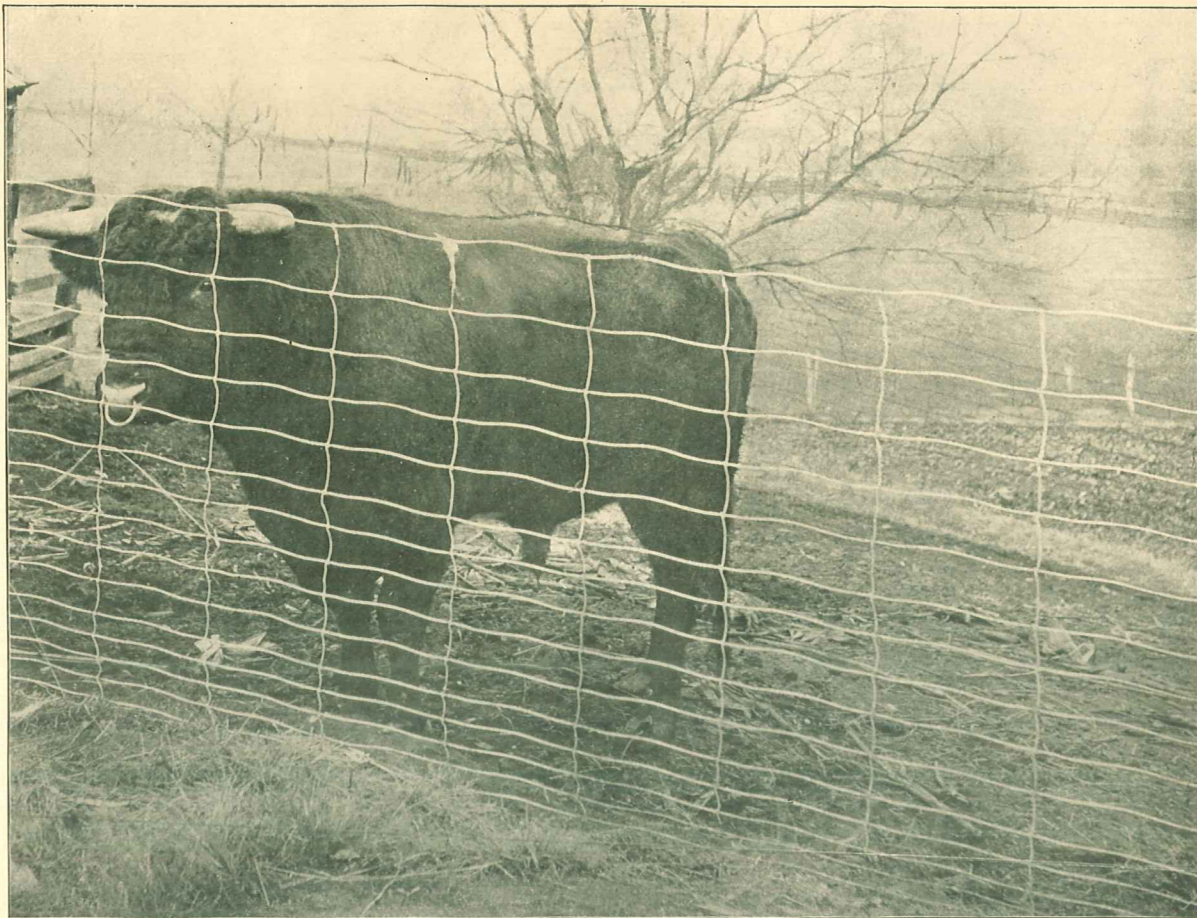
The fence might be close enough to hold chickens, or coarse enough to let a yearling calf through; it might be so low that a cow could easily step over it, or so high that a horse could not jump it; and, still further, because of the unevenness of the surface, the fence might be so far from the ground that hogs, sheep and calves could run under it. Then, again, you might go to bed at night with a pretty good rail fence around every field on the farm, and when you got up in the morning find that the wind had scattered your fence all over the country and not one rail lay upon another, no stock nor crops enclosed, and no end to the damage done, and there was just as great a diversity of stock kept then as now.

These were some of the conditions that obtained when the PAGE WOVEN WIRE FENCE COMPANY began doing business. We began (our company is the pioneer woven wire fence company of farm fencing) to try and find out what strength was required to restrain the different kinds of stock, what height to keep them from getting over, what sized spacings to keep them from getting through, and finally how to make it adaptable to uneven or hilly ground.

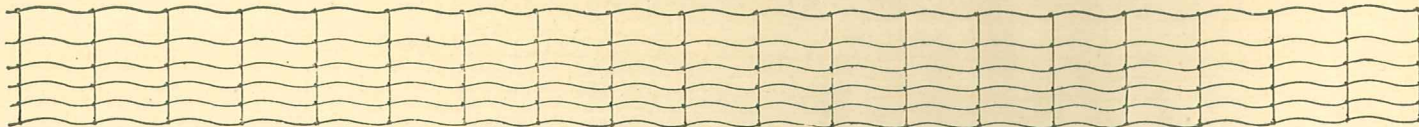
In the following pages we give quite a full description of our Standard Styles of Fencing which are kept constantly in stock. You will find the number of wires, the size of each wire, the spacings between the wires in inches, and the height of the fence when erected. We also tell what stock each one is intended to restrain and the particular use for which we recommend it.

If you could look over our correspondence you would find that every style of fencing manufactured by us, Specials and Standards included, was originally designed to supply some specific want.

We manufacture a large number of fences for special purposes, which are not described in this catalogue of our standards. If you do not find the particular style of fencing that suits you, either woven wire or wrought iron, described in our catalogue, write us about it and we will quote you prices.

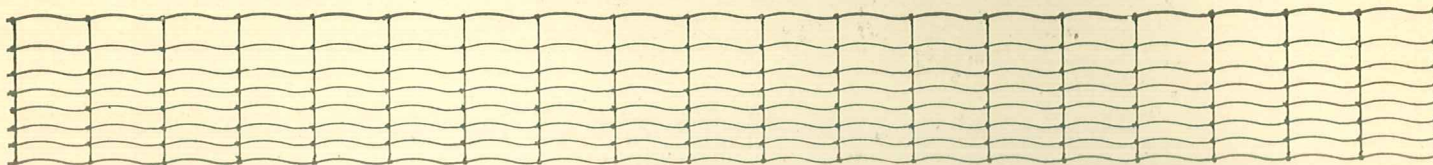


If this is the kind of stock you want to fence, then this is the kind of fence you'd better use.
Page Fences are made to stand **USE** and **ABUSE**. They are **PORTABLE**, and can be taken down and restretched any number of times without exhausting the coil stored in their horizontal wires.



6-BAR, 18-INCH HEDGE FENCE.

The lowest fence we make has six horizontal wires and is but 18 inches high. Some people use it for a hog fence, but its particular use is for stretching up alongside of hedges to make them proof against small pigs. It is a good fence as high as it goes, but we advise a higher fence when used alone. The top and bottom wires are No. ~~9~~¹¹, the four intermediates are No. 12, and it has 16 cross wires to the rod. It is spaced, in inches, from the bottom up, as follows: 3, 3, 3, 4, 5, and is shipped in full rolls of 20, 30 and 40 rods.



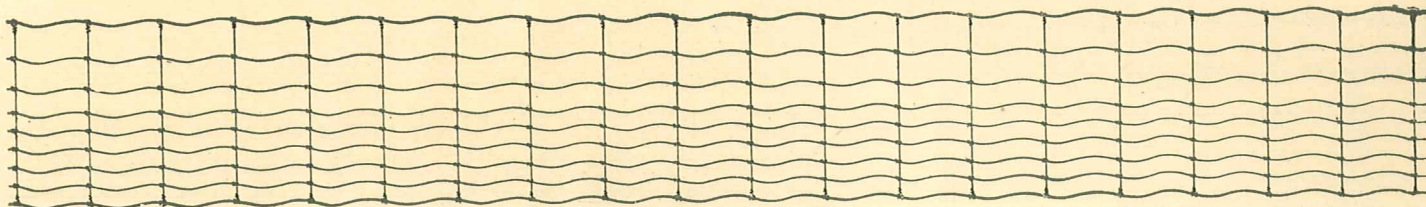
8-BAR, ~~24~~²⁶ INCH HOG FENCE.

The Hog Fence shown above has eight horizontal wires and is ~~24~~²⁶ inches high. The top and bottom wires are No. 9, the six intermediate wires are No. 12, and it is spaced from the bottom up, in inches, as follows: 3, 3, 3, 3, ~~4~~⁵, 5.

The posts should be set about one rod apart and the fence stapled close to the ground, or the posts may be set farther apart and the fence anchored between posts.

There is more of this particular style of Hog Fencing now in use in the west than of all other hog fences combined. It holds hogs and catches small pigs.

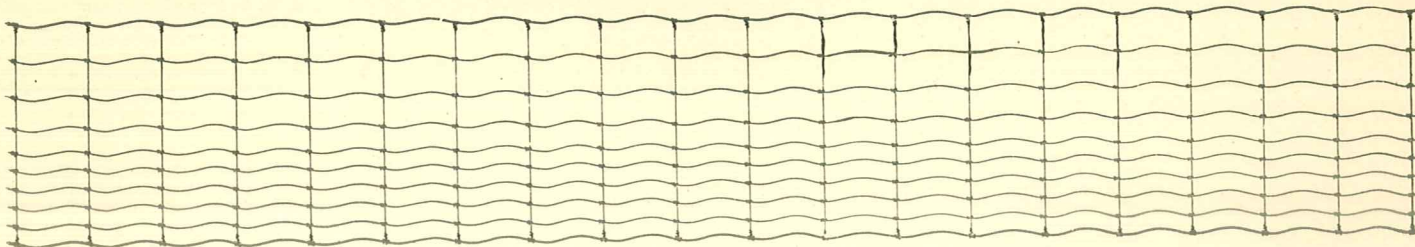
Shipped in full rolls of 20, 30 and 40 rods.



9-BAR, 30-INCH HOG FENCE.

If you think you would rather have a 30-inch fence for hogs, then this style will fill the bill. The top and bottom wires are No. 9, with two No. 11 and five No. 12 intermediates, and the spacings are as follows, in inches, from the bottom up: 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 5, 6. With the addition of two or three barbed wires above it, this fence will care for almost any kind of stock. Shipped in full rolls of 20, 30 and 40 rods.

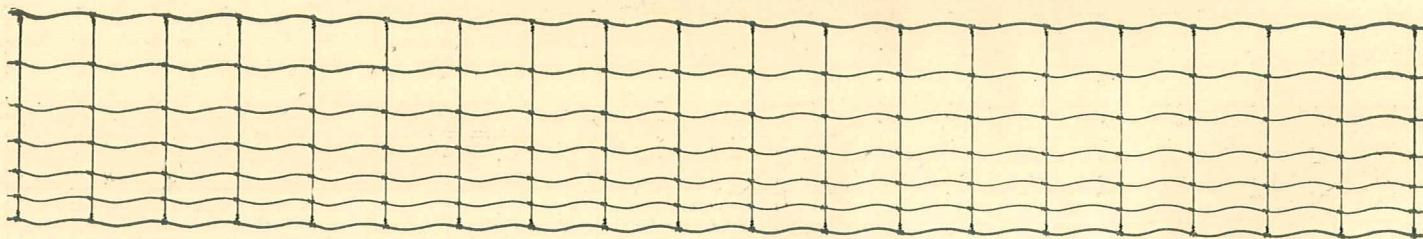
Thousands of miles of this 9-Bar, 30-Inch and of the 8-Bar, 24-Inch Fences are now in use alongside of old hedges or other poor fences which would not hold small stock.



10-BAR, 36-INCH HOG AND SHEEP FENCE.

After having had an 18-Inch, a 24-Inch and a 30-Inch Hog Fence on the market for years, there came a strong demand from the west for a fence that would still answer that purpose, and in addition hold sheep without pulling their wool, and to supply this demand we weave on one extra wire 6 inches above our 9-Bar, 30-Inch Hog Fence and make it 36 inches high, thus making a very complete Hog and Sheep Fence without one ounce of waste in it. Sheep breeders caught on to the idea at once, and one trial convinced them that it was a most economical and practical fence. You will readily see how it can be converted into a general stock fence by stretching a couple of barbed wires above it.

The top and bottom wires of this fence are No. 9, with three No. 11 and five No. 12 intermediates. It is spaced as follows, from the bottom up, in inches: 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6, and is shipped in full rolls of 20, 30 and 40 rods.

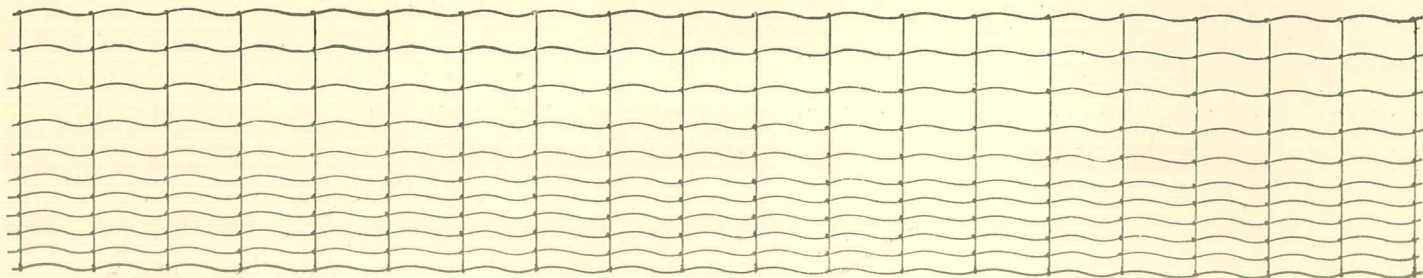


7-BAR, 34-INCH STONE WALL FENCE.

In the east, where thousands of miles of stone wall is utilized for fencing, it was found that even a low or poor stone wall could easily be made stock-proof by putting up a strong, low fence on the top of it.

It was to supply this necessity that we began weaving a fence with seven horizontal wires and 34 inches high. The top wire is No. 7, and the bottom wire is No. 9, with one No. 11 and four No. 12 intermediates. It is spaced, from the bottom up, in inches, as follows: 4, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and is shipped only in full rolls of 20, 30 and 40 rods.

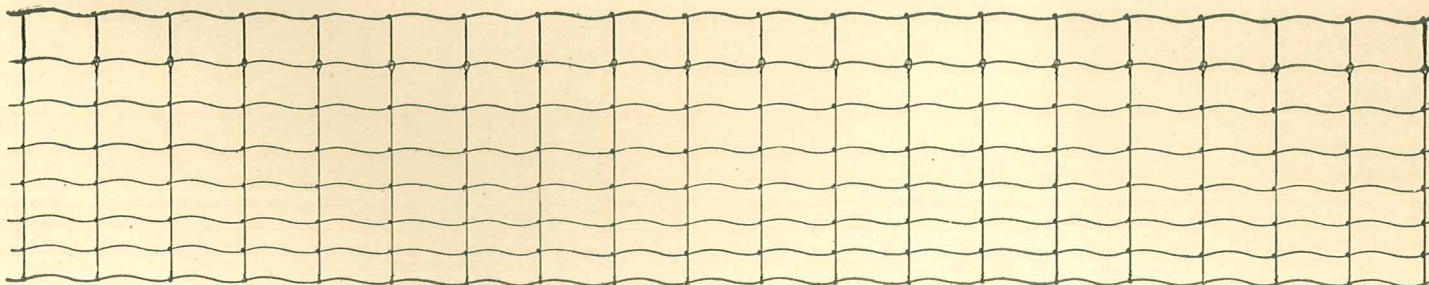
It being erected so far above the ground, on the top of a stone wall, there is no necessity for a closer mesh.



11-BAR, 42-INCH FENCE.

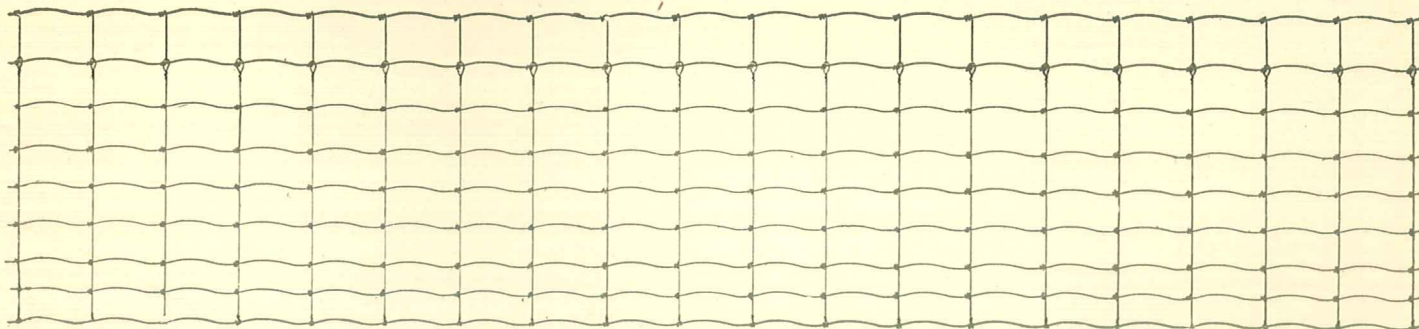
There seemed to be quite a demand for a fence hog-and-sheep tight, only $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, and one that would hold cattle with only one barbed wire above it. Neither our 8-Bar, 44-Inch nor our 9-Bar, 50-Inch Fences were spaced closely enough at the bottom to supply that want, and we found it necessary to make this 11-Bar, 42-Inch Fence for many an exacting customer who did not need a 58-Inch Fence.

The top and bottom wires are No. 9, with four No. 11 and five No. 12 intermediates. It is spaced as follows, in inches, from the bottom up: 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6, 6, and is shipped only in full rolls of 20, 30 and 40 rods.



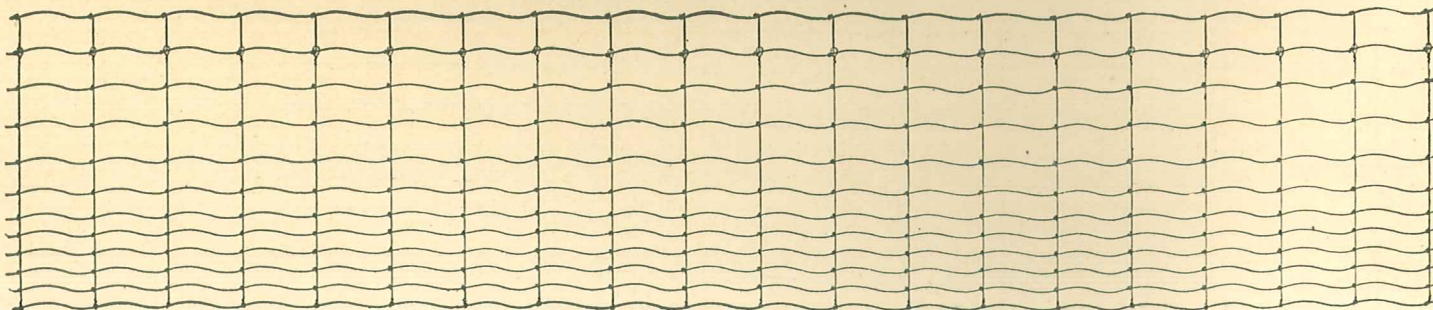
8-BAR, 44-INCH DAIRY FENCE.

As indicated by its name, this is a cattle fence and it is a powerful one too, having a No. 7 top wire, No. 9 second and bottom wires, and five No. 11 intermediate wires. It is supplied with our celebrated Loop or Independent Top, which is fully described on page 20, and like all other Page Fences it has 16 cross bars to the rod. It is spaced as follows, from the bottom up, in inches : 5, 5, 6, 6, 7, 7, 8, and is shipped in full rolls of 20, 30 and 40 rods. This fence, being but 44 inches high, is generally set about 4 inches above the ground, thus making a 4-foot fence. We have been making this style of Dairy Fence for several years as a special fence for eastern dairymen and it has given great satisfaction, especially on rough land.



9-BAR, 50-INCH DAIRY FENCE.

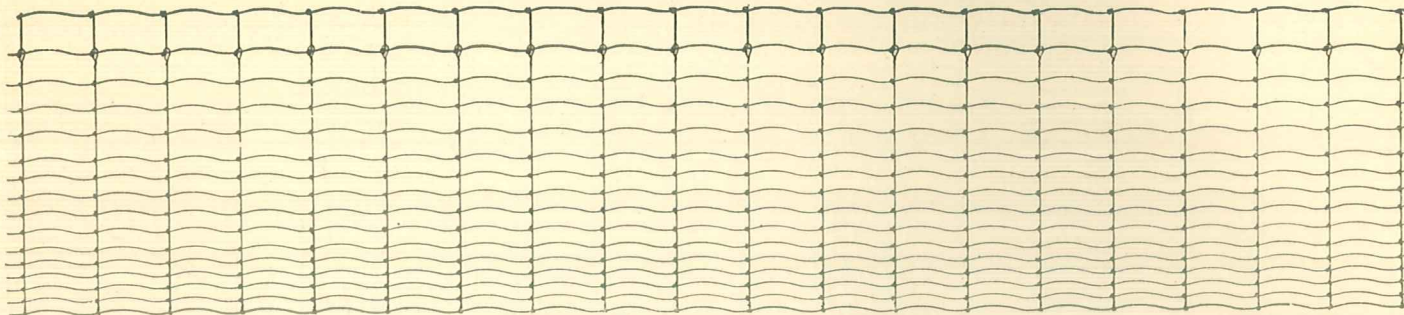
In this Dairy Fence the top wire is also a powerful, double-strength No. 7, to receive the shock in case of a stampede, the second and bottom wires are No. 9, and the six intermediate wires are No. 11. It is spaced as follows, from the bottom up, in inches : 5, 5, 6, 6, 6, 7, 7, 8, has a Loop or Independent Top, and may also be erected a few inches above the ground. Shipped in full rolls of 20, 30 and 40 rods. Having fewer horizontal wires, these Dairy Fences are cheaper than our Standard Stock and Farm Fence, but they are closely enough woven to prevent cattle from getting their heads through and injuring themselves.



12-BAR, 48-INCH LAWN FENCE.

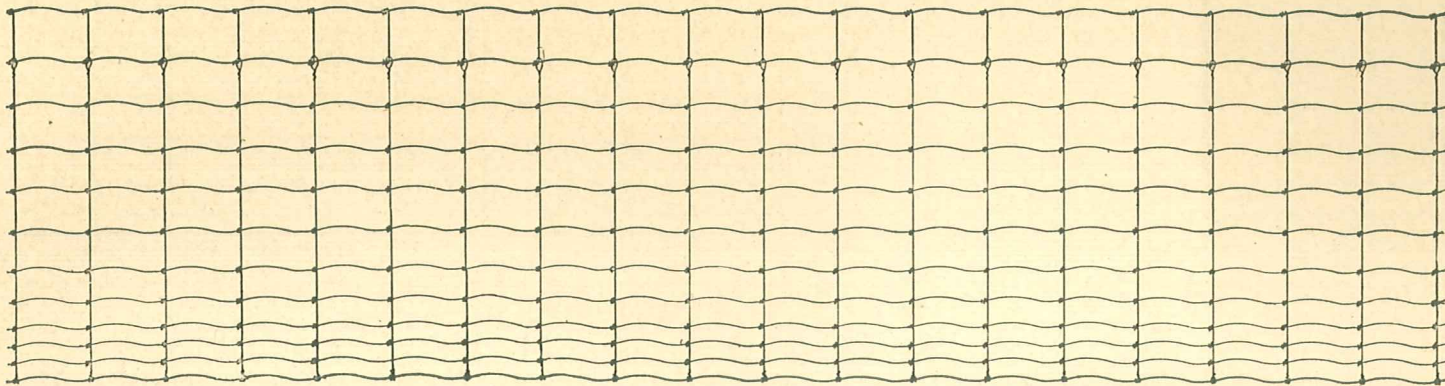
In front of farm houses or around village and city lots a 48-inch fence looks better than a higher one, and may answer the purpose fully as well. We make two styles of 48-inch fencing. Both are strong enough to prevent intrusion by domestic stock, such as frightened horses or cattle or a runaway team, and closely enough woven to keep in or out dogs and other small animals.

The 12-Bar, 48-Inch Fence has a No. 7 top wire, No. 9 second and bottom wires, with five No. 11 and four No. 12 intermediates. It is spaced as follows, from the bottom up, in inches: 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6, 6, 6; has a Loop or Independent Top, and is shipped in full rolls of 20, 30 and 40 rods.



16-BAR, 48-INCH LAWN AND GARDEN FENCE.

This fence is also used for fencing lawns and as a division fence. The top wire is No. 7, the second and bottom wires are No. 9, with six No. 11 and seven No. 12 intermediates. It also has a Loop Top, and is spaced as follows, from the bottom up, in inches: 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 5, 6. It is the closest woven of any of our heavy 48-inch fences, the five lower spaces being but 2 inches, and it is the fence which we recommend as being particularly adapted for fencing gardens, because chickens cannot go through it. Shipped in full rolls of 10, 20, 30 and 40 rods.



12-BAR, 58-INCH STANDARD STOCK AND FARM FENCE.

For the farmer who practices diversified farming and keeps more or less of all kinds of stock, we make our Standard Stock and Farm Fence. It has 12 horizontal wires and is 58 inches high.

We always advise a 58-inch fence where horses are to be enclosed, because they cannot reach over it like they can over a 48-inch fence, and the constant reaching over, fighting over, or rubbing against the top wire of a fence will sooner or later damage it. Keep the animals' heads apart and they will not fight much.

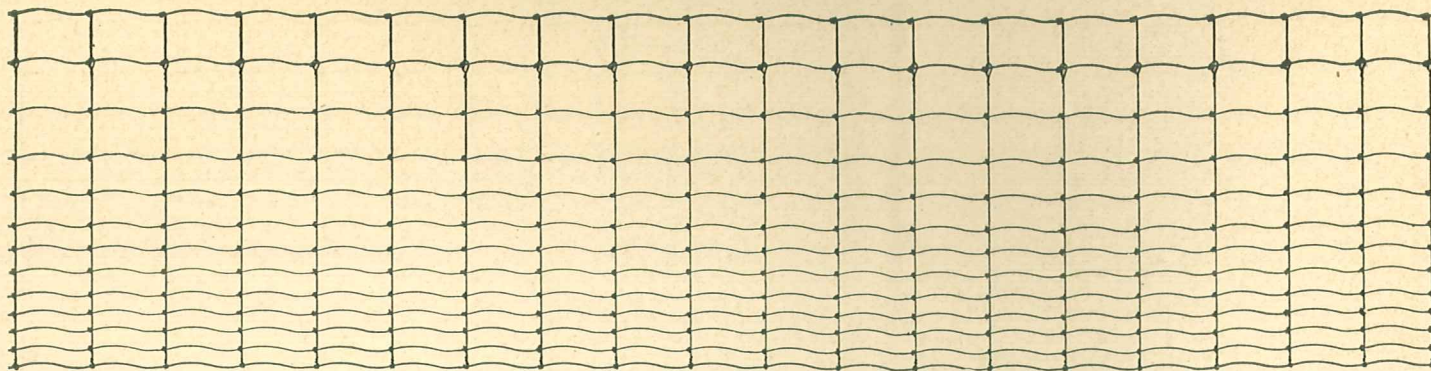
This is our Standard Farm Fence, which nearly every other fence manufacturing company has tried so hard to imitate, and when an agent tells you that his fence is just as good as Page Standard Stock and Farm Fence, he knows that he has tried to compare it with that fence which is universally acknowledged to be the Standard.

Every lateral wire in all Page Fences is a DOUBLE-STRENGTH wire, and is coiled from end to end without breaking a fiber, and there is HAND LABOR UPON EVERY FOOT of the length of our fences.

The top wire in our Standard Stock and Farm Fence is No. 7, the second and bottom wires are No. 9, four of the intermediates are No. 11 and five are No. 12. The three lower spaces are only 3 inches, the next one above is 4 inches, the next one 5 inches, the next three 6 inches, the next two 7 inches and the upper space is 8 inches. It is supplied with a Loop or Independent Top, which allows its two upper horizontal wires to slide down 8 inches without bending or kinking any cross bar.

Shipped only in full rolls of 20, 30 and 40 rods.

Twelve double-strength horizontal wires, 58 inches high, 16 cross bars to the rod, and the lower spaces only 3 inches, and hogs, sheep, calves, heavy cattle and horses have to stay in a field surrounded by this fencing.



13-BAR, 58-INCH HEAVY FARM AND HIGHWAY FENCE.

For a regular Highway Fence or for a Lane Fence, it has been recommended to us that, on account of the great variety of uses to which this fence must be adapted, and the strength and beauty required, a little closer mesh in the lower part of the fence, and a little heavier wire than is used in our Standard Stock and Farm Fence, should be combined.

We, therefore, make this fence with a No. 7 top wire, No. 9 second and bottom wires, with all the intermediates of No. 11 wire. Having some heavier intermediate wires and one more horizontal wire, it is stronger and closer woven than our Standard Stock and Farm Fence, and it has satisfied a great many very particular customers. The four lower spaces in this fence are only 3 inches, the next three are 4 inches, the next one 5 inches, the next one 6 inches, the next one 7 inches and the upper two spaces are 8 inches. It has a Loop or Independent Top, and is shipped only in full rolls of 10, 20, 30 and 40 rods.

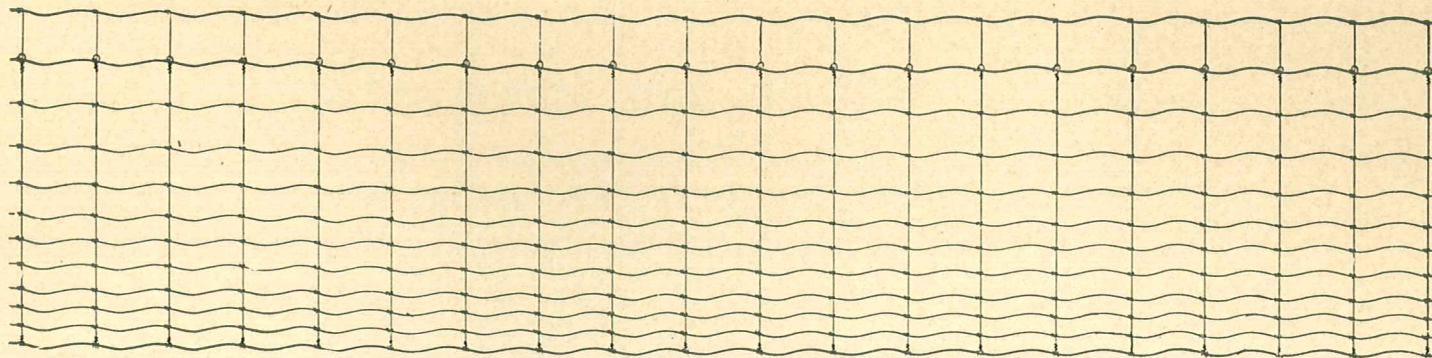
PAGE FARM AND LAWN GATES.

The Lawn Gate is banged shut so often, and Farm Gates have to stand such hard usage, as being swung on, being run into by stock, hubs or racks catching into them, that we concluded that gates ought to be stronger than fence. They get all the usage that a fence gets and a great deal more.

We use no gas pipe, angle iron or T iron in gate frames, but Page Gate Frames are made of heavy, solid, round wrought iron, welded by electricity, and every wire is woven on separately and by hand. They are all hand work, and made to stand banging.

A Page Gate is a marvel of strength, beauty and lasting quality (see page 23).

Prices on gates include hinges and fastenings.



12-BAR, 54-INCH STOCK AND FARM FENCE.

This fence varies but very little from our Standard Stock and Farm Fence. It has the same number of horizontal wires, weighs nearly the same, but lacks four inches in height. The advantage it has over the Standard Stock and Farm Fence is that it can be erected on a little shorter posts.

The top wire in this fence is No. 7, the second and bottom wires are No. 9, with four No. 11 and five No. 12 intermediates. Like the Standard Stock and Farm Fence it has a Loop or Independent Top, and like all other Page Fences it has 16 cross bars to the rod.

The three lower spaces in this fence are only 3 inches, the next three 4 inches, the next one 5 inches, the next one 6 inches, the next two 7 inches, and the last one or upper space is 8 inches. It is shipped only in full rolls of 20, 30 and 40 rods.

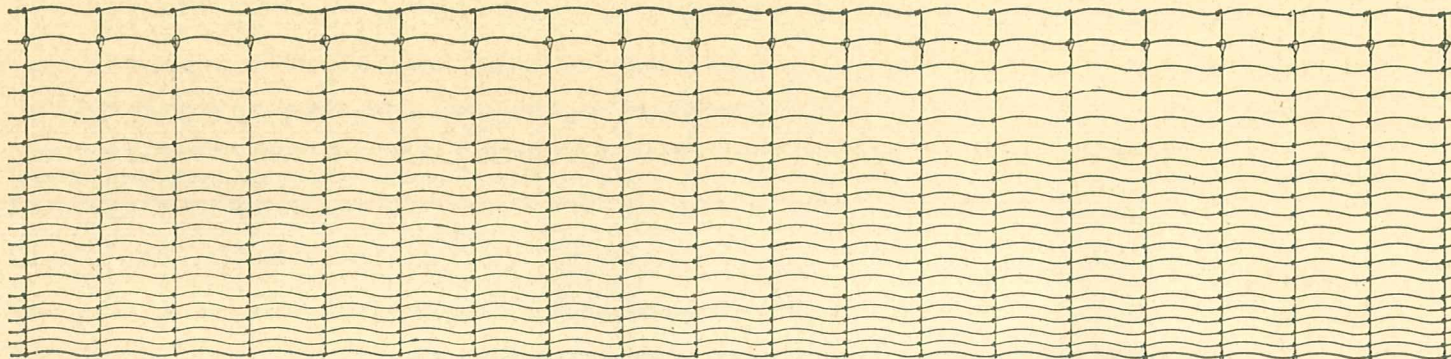
This fence has found great favor in certain localities in the west where much trouble has been experienced in getting posts long enough for a 58-inch fence

KENNEL FENCE.

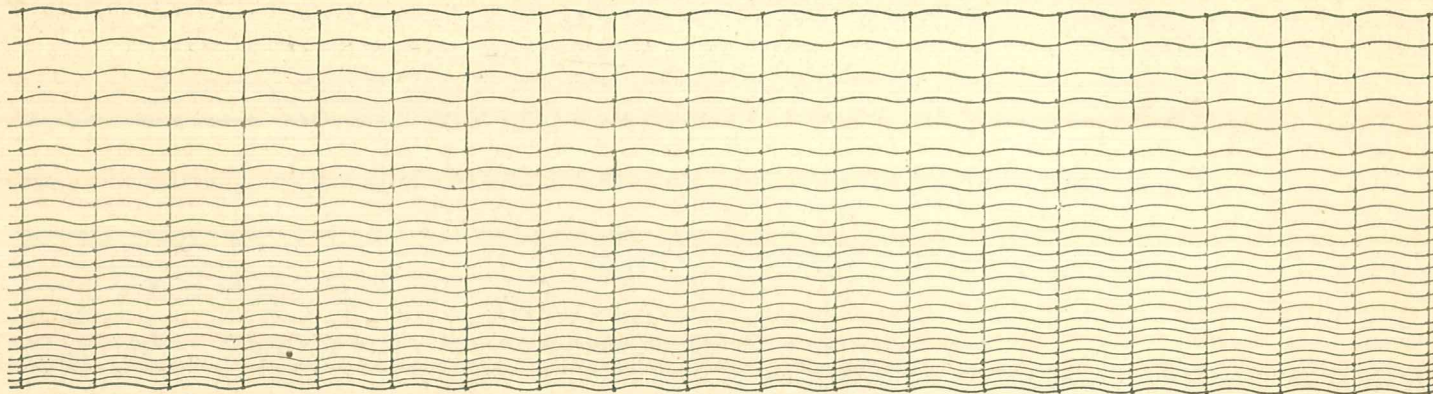
We make a first-class Kennel Fence. It has 26 horizontal wires, is 50 inches high, and every space from the bottom to the top is only 2 inches. The top and bottom wires are No. 9, the intermediates are No. 11, and the cross bars are No. 12 and are woven on 16 to the rod, the same as in all other Page Fences.

It is a good fence for dogs and all kinds of small, strong animals. Weighs 23 lbs. to the rod.

If a 50-Inch Fence is not high enough, you can have our 9-Bar, 30-Inch Hog Fence erected right over it, on the same posts, and you would have a perfectly safe kennel 80 inches high.



20-BAR, 58-INCH LAWN AND CEMETERY FENCE.



25-BAR, 58-INCH RABBIT-PROOF AND STOCK FENCE.

20-BAR, 58-INCH LAWN AND CEMETERY FENCE,
AND
25-BAR, 58-INCH RABBIT-PROOF AND STOCK FENCE.

In all the fences mentioned in this catalogue, excepting in our Poultry Fences and in our 16-Bar, 48-Inch Lawn and Garden Fence, the bottom meshes are not less than 3 inches, but in our 20-Bar, 58-Inch Lawn and Cemetery Fence, shown on the opposite page, the seven bottom meshes are only 2 inches, the next seven are 3 inches, the next three are 4 inches, the next one is 5 inches, and the last or upper space is 6 inches, thus making 20 horizontal wires in 58 inches in height.

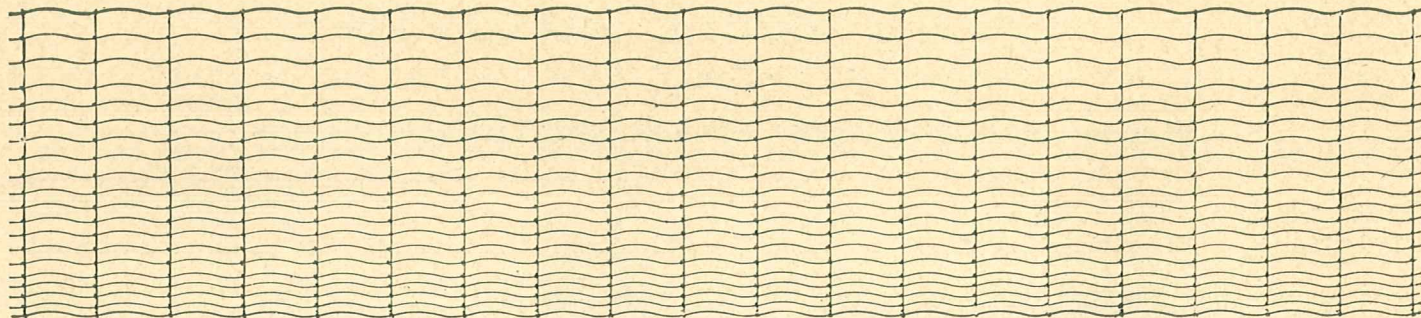
The top wire in this fence is No. 7, the second and bottom wires are No. 9, with eight No. 11 and nine No. 12 intermediates. It is supplied with a Loop or Independent Top, and is shipped only in full rolls of 10, 20, 30 and 40 rods.

This fence is particularly adapted for lawns and cemeteries. It shuts out almost all small animals, and was supposed to be rabbit-proof, but in trial it was found that rabbits would sometimes go through it, and in order to have a fence that was *really* rabbit-proof, we began weaving the other Page Peculiarity, that is our 25-Bar, 58-Inch Fence. We call these two styles Page Peculiarities because they are closer woven than other companies weave fences. They come the nearest to being a perfect Paddock Fence of any fence on the market.

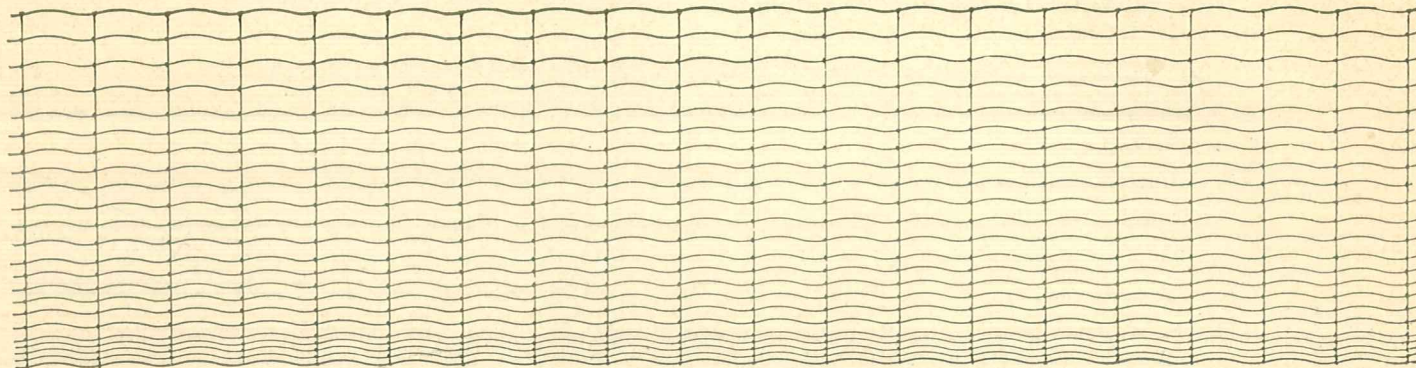
Our 25-Bar, 58-Inch Rabbit-Proof Fence is made with a No. 7 top wire, a No. 9 bottom wire, and three No. 11 and twenty No. 12 intermediate wires. It is spaced, in inches, from the bottom up, as follows: 1, 1, 1, 1, 1½, 1½, 1½, 1½, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5.

Please notice the lower meshes are only 1 inch—a closer fence than any other company weaves—and it is *really* rabbit-proof. You can readily see that rabbits, skunks and other varmints of their kind have to stay out where this fence is used.

This last style of fencing is shipped only in full rolls of 10, 20 and 30 rods.



20-BAR, 48-INCH PAGE POULTRY FENCE.



23-BAR, 58-INCH PAGE POULTRY FENCE.

20-BAR, 48-INCH AND 23-BAR, 58-INCH PAGE POULTRY FENCE.

These Poultry Fences should not be confounded with other so-called poultry fences or nettings kept and sold by hardware dealers.

You will get a fair idea of their great superiority if you will PUT THEM ON THE SCALES, OR TAKE A WIRE GAUGE. Weigh them and measure the size of the wire.

We make two styles of Poultry Fencing. One has 20 horizontal wires, is 48 inches high, and is spaced as follows, from the bottom up, in inches: $1\frac{1}{2}$, $1\frac{1}{2}$, $1\frac{1}{2}$, $1\frac{1}{2}$, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, and the other has 23 horizontal wires, is 58 inches high, and is spaced as follows: $1\frac{1}{2}$, $1\frac{1}{2}$, $1\frac{1}{2}$, $1\frac{1}{2}$, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4.

In both styles of this fencing the top wire is No. 9, the bottom wire No. 11, and all the intermediates—both horizontal and cross wires—are No. 14, and both have 16 cross wires to the rod, the same as in all other Page Fences. The 23-Bar, 58-Inch Fence weighs 10 lbs. to the rod.

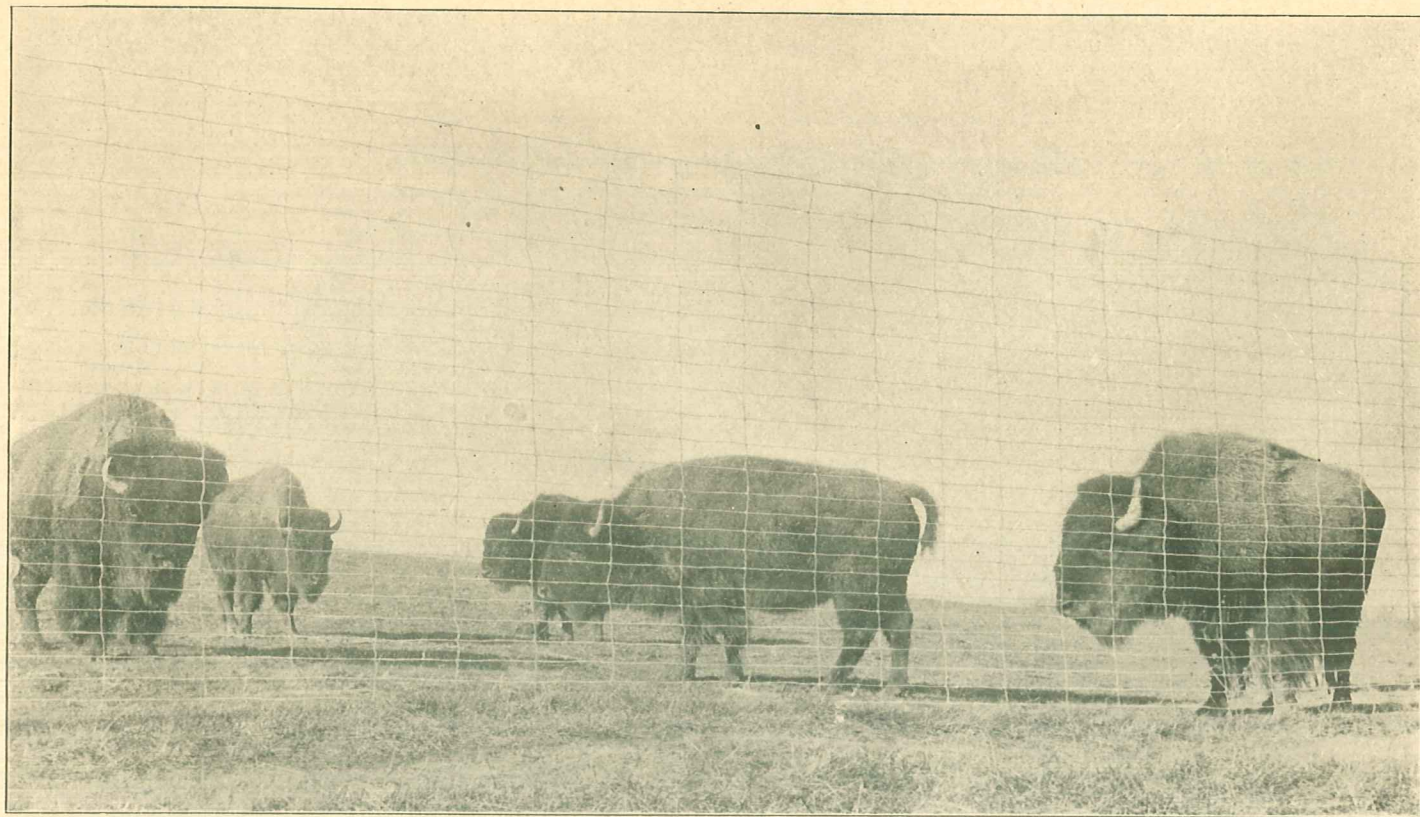
The horizontal wires in these fences are all coiled from end to end just the same as in our stock fences, and being so heavy and strong they do not sag or bag. A top or bottom board is never used with these fences and they stretch up nicely on uneven ground.

Page Poultry Fences are not intended for stock fences, and we do not recommend them for such uses, and especially not for heavy stock; yet many people use them for all kinds of stock and say they are satisfactory, and when you realize that every horizontal wire is a double-strength wire, and take into consideration their large size and their number—20 or 23—you will not be surprised at the fence being occasionally used as a stock fence.

Both these fences are made and shipped in 10, 20, 30 and 40-rod rolls.

The saving in posts, staples, top and bottom board, and cost of labor in erecting by using Page Poultry Fence, is no small item; then add to this that it will outlast a dozen nettings and be in order all the time, and we wonder how any person would think of buying any other. 10 lbs. to the rod is almost as heavy as stock fence.

These fences are strong enough to keep poultry IN and heavy stock OUT, and you don't have to put a fence around them to keep stock away from them.



Only a few of them left ! It takes a good fence to hold them. (A scene at Page Park, Adrian, Mich.)

This photograph shows the style of Page Park Fence which has enclosed our herds of buffalo, elk and deer for many years. It has a No. 7 top, No. 9 bottom and twenty-three No. 11 intermediate wires.

Buffaloes are wild animals, and you might think that No. 11 wire was not strong enough to hold them, but when you remember that our No. 11 wire is stronger than common No. 9 wire, you will understand that they are safely enclosed.

25-BAR, 88-INCH PARK FENCE.

Years ago, when we had gotten well established in the woven wire fence business and had proven conclusively that Page Fences controlled all kinds of domestic animals, we began to receive communications from many gentlemen who owned large parks and game preserves, asking if we expected to try and furnish a woven wire fence that would be high enough to control antelope, deer, elk and caribou, and strong enough to safely enclose buffalo. Well, we neither knew just how high nor how strong such a fence should be, nor whether a woven wire fence would be practical for such an enclosure, so some years ago we bought a herd of elk, deer, moose and buffalo, and went to experimenting with the fence, and after much worry, anxiety and hard work, Page 25-Bar, 88-Inch Park Fence was evolved. Millions of people have seen it in use enclosing our deer, elk and buffalo on State fair grounds since that time.

The top wire of this fence is No. 7, the bottom wire is No. 9 and all intermediate wires are No. 11. The cross wires are No. 14 and are woven on 16 to the rod, the same as in all other Page Fences, and the spacings are as follows, in inches, from the bottom up: 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5. You can judge by the spacings what animals would be likely to go through this fence.

Where a stronger park fence is desired or required, we will weave in any sized intermediate wires specified.

We still keep our herds and they are constantly enclosed with only Page Park Fence. We hardly know of a large park or game preserve in the United States, public or private, where wild animals are kept, but that is wholly or partly enclosed with it. It is also used on golf links, hospitals or other private grounds, and it is giving general satisfaction.

Among those who are using it, we are pleased to note the following:

Austin Corbin,	-	-	-	Newport, N. H.	Vanderbilt Biltmore Estate,	-	-	Biltmore, N. C.
Wm. C. Whitney,	-	-	-	Lenox, Mass.	Park Board,	-	-	Minnehaha Falls, Minn.
E. D. Jordon,	-	-	-	Boston, Mass.	National Zoological Park,	-	-	Washington, D. C.
E. H. Litchfield,	-	-	-	Adirondacks.	New York Zoological Park,	-	-	New York City.
J. J. Hill,	-	-	-	St. Paul, Minn.	St. Peter's Hospital,	-	-	St. Peter, Minn.
Fred H. Wells,	-	-	-	Burlington, Vt.	Park Board Commissioners,	-	-	Omaha, Neb.
E. V. Babcock,	-	-	-	Ashtola, Pa.	City Park,	-	-	Denver, Colorado.
John Wanamaker,	-	-	-	Philadelphia, Pa.	Belle Isle Park,	-	-	Detroit, Mich.
A. P. Goedecke,	-	-	-	Jeddo, Pa.	Anson Phelps Stokes,	-	-	Boston, Mass.

Page Park Fence is shipped only in full rolls of 10, 20 and 30 rods.

CHARACTERISTICS.

No, all wire fences are not alike, and we beg your attention to some of the characteristics of Page Fences :

1—Every horizontal wire in all our fences is a DOUBLE-STRENGTH, HIGH-CARBON, SPRING-STEEL WIRE, and more than twice as strong as common fence wire of the same size, so that another fence might weigh twice as much as the Page and still not be as strong.

2—Every horizontal wire in all Page Fences is coiled from end to end, and in order to retain this coiled shape we HAVE TO USE the above mentioned superior quality of wire.

3—The Coiled Spring in Page Fence is elastic. It will let out in cold weather, thus preventing breaking by contraction, and take up in hot weather, preventing sagging by expansion. The coil adapts it to rough or hilly ground, and when stock run into the fence the coiled spring provides a cushion to receive them. The quality of Page Wire, and our peculiar mode of coiling it, are what make Page Fence excel as a Portable Fence.

4—The cross bars in all Page Fences are woven on 16 to the rod, or just about one foot apart. They are wound around each horizontal so as to form an effective knot at the point of crossing.

5—Originally No. 14 wire was used for all the cross bars in Page Fences, but now we use No. 14 and No. 12. The larger size costs a little more because the wire weighs more. In ordering, please specify which size is desired.

6.—The cross wires in all Page Fences are CONTINUOUS, that is, we start at the top of the fence, or on the next wire below the Loop Top (see explanation of Loop or Independent Top on page 20), and wind the cross wire around the horizontal wire two or three times, then go to the next horizontal wire and knot the cross wire around it as before, and so on to the bottom of the fence. So you see the cross wire is continuous, not lapped around, but practically tied around ; not wound around a horizontal wire and then cut off, making a joint, but continued clear across the fence. This makes it a REAL WOVEN WIRE FENCE, not a fence STAPLED or LOCKED together, but a fence WOVEN together, with no staples or so-called locks to lose off or to bother with. Horizontal and cross wires are all there is of it.

7—It takes a little longer and costs more to WEAVE Page Fences than it does to twist wires on, or otherwise “lock” joints together as other companies do, because whereas they do ALL their work with some kind of a machine, Page Fences have HAND LABOR on every foot of their length. Other manufacturers will tell you that they can make two or three rods of their fencing to our one, and for that reason they sell fence cheaper. Well, we may have to acknowledge that they can run wire through their machines faster than we can weave Page Fence, but we are pretty well pleased to take more time and pains, and to pay for extra hand labor, so long as the farmer appreciates our efforts and is willing to pay a trifle more for our fence.

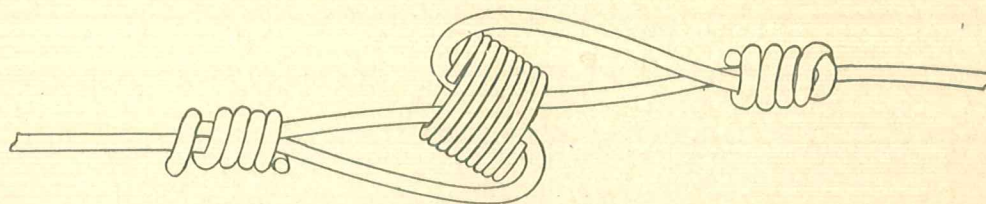
8—Page Fences do not require so many posts. We realize that most fence manufacturers say the same thing of their fences, and for that reason we wish to explain. Our wire is coiled and made of material that will hold the coiled shape, and this being true, you can readily understand how it lets out and takes up without sagging, and why the posts can be set farther apart.

9—Fences built by us seventeen years ago are still doing good service, so we cannot tell how long Page Fences will last. We believe, however, that the enormous growth of our business is due to the merit of our fence, and as confidently believe that the business will increase as much in the future for the same reason.

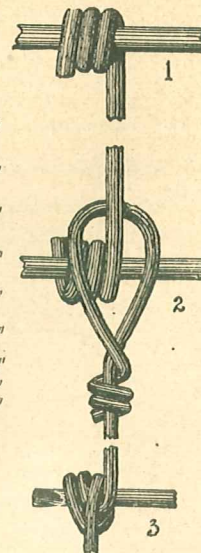
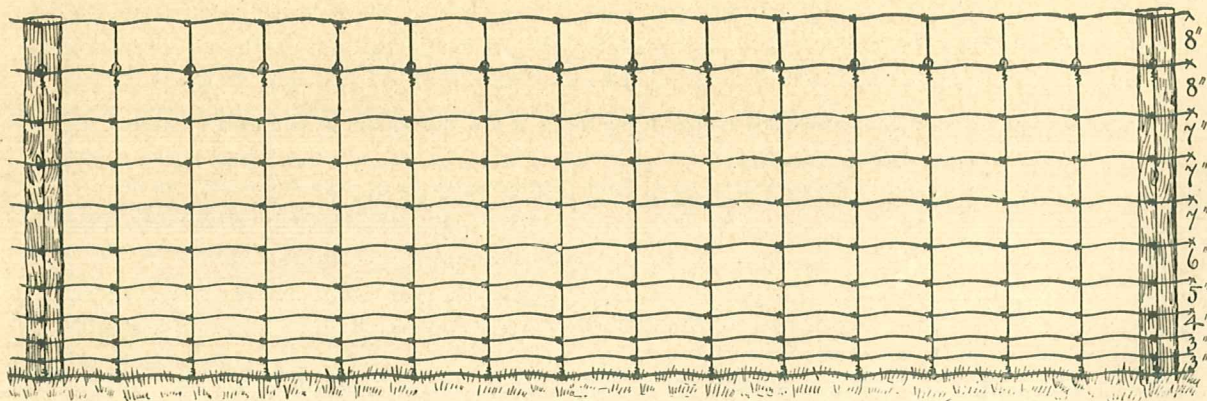
10—In all Loop Top Fences the top wire is No. 7 and the second and bottom wires are No. 9.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

It has always been our rule to ship fencing in full rolls only, though special lengths have sometimes been woven for the sake of accommodation. Please note that from this date an additional charge of ten per cent. of the net price will be made for all rolls ordered of lengths not specified in catalogue, and that rolls of less than ten rods will not be woven. In this connection let us say that it is not necessary to accumulate remnants, nor to splice wires in order to make use of remnants. Eyes or loops are turned at the factory in each end of every horizontal wire, and every roll of fence contains a bunch of small coils, by the use of which two rolls of fence are to be joined together, when required, like this:



Whenever a remnant is left, the next stretch erected should be begun with the remnant, attaching the cut or "raw" ends of the wire to the starting post and leaving the loop ends free to be joined to the loops of the next roll, as above shown. This method avoids remnants, and also the making of splices, thus saving time and labor. Always commence to stretch with a remnant if you have one.



“LOOP TOP” OR “INDEPENDENT TOP.”

Our Remedy

For a Universal Defect in Wire Fencing.

Every deformity of a cross bar in a wire fence narrows the width of the fence, either by drawing it down from the top, by raising it up from the bottom, or by drawing the fence together, and is it not true that the heavier and stiffer the cross bar that is deformed or bent, the more impossible it becomes to straighten it up and restore the height of the fence, and is it not further true that cross wires are more often bent between the top and second horizontal wires than in all other places in the fence?

Now, then, if a fence must stand USE, is it not absolutely true that at least the top part of the cross bar will, by some means or other, become bent, and consequently shortened? Horses reaching over, men and boys climbing over, and cattle using the top wire for a scratcher will bend the cross bars and narrow the fence; and can't you always tell, as you ride along a road fenced with wire, every place where a fence has been climbed?

Well, we had trouble of this kind, but not so much as other fence companies, because we used a heavier top wire and coiled it so that it would spring back to its place better; still, we concluded to try and obviate this trouble altogether by weaving our top and second wires together independently from the rest of the fence, and then connecting this Independent Top with the lower part of the fence by extending the cross bars of the lower part of the fence up and LOOPING them around the cross bars of the Independent Top. In this way the upper section of the fence can be depressed the whole width of the top space—the fence sliding together the full length of the cross bar in the Independent Top—as shown in the cut on the opposite page. No matter how many times this Independent Top is depressed, the coil in its horizontal wires will bring it back to place as soon as relieved.

With this explanation, we think you will have no difficulty in understanding Figures 1, 2, and 3 on the cut.

Figure 1 represents the top wire on the fence.

Figure 2, the second wire of the fence and the loop in the cross bar of the lower section of the fence through which the Independent Top slides down.

Figure 3, the third horizontal wire from the top of the fence, and the continuous lower cross bar.

This is one of our improvements, and no other fence manufacturing company has yet imitated it or solved the problem for themselves, but you will readily see that it is invaluable in all stock fences.

STRETCHING FENCE.

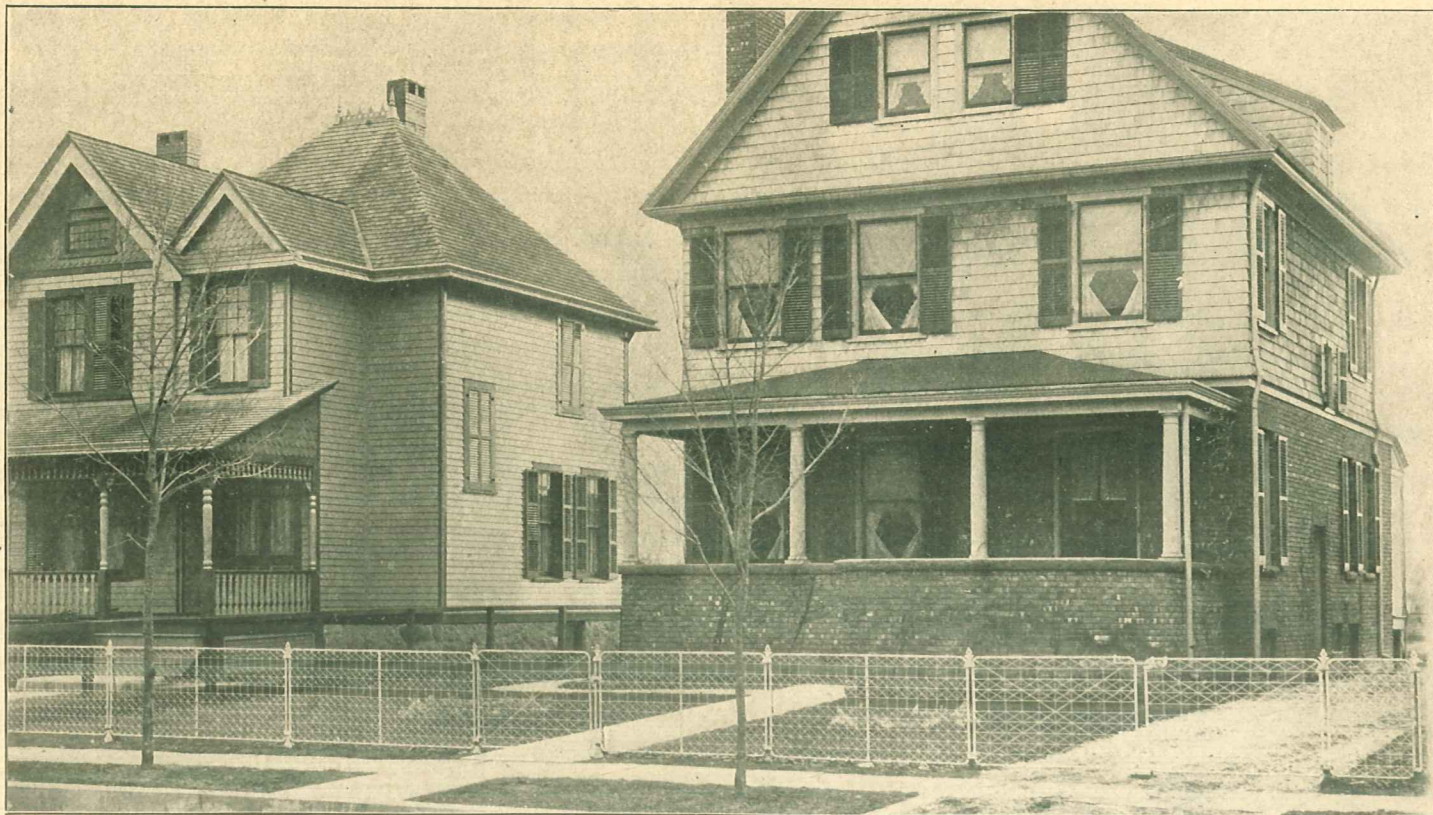
There is quite a knack in stretching up any of our woven wire fences, on account of every horizontal wire in them being a coiled spring from end to end.

Some judgment has to be exercised about how much of the coil should be drawn out of the horizontal bars in order to keep the fence from sagging, and how much of the coil should be left in to supply the elasticity required by the variations of temperature, concussions of stock, accidents, etc.

A strong pulling strain should be left in the fence, and this necessitates the use of well-anchored end and corner posts (as shown on page 32), and just such a powerful and handy set of tools as is shown on the inside back cover page of this catalogue.

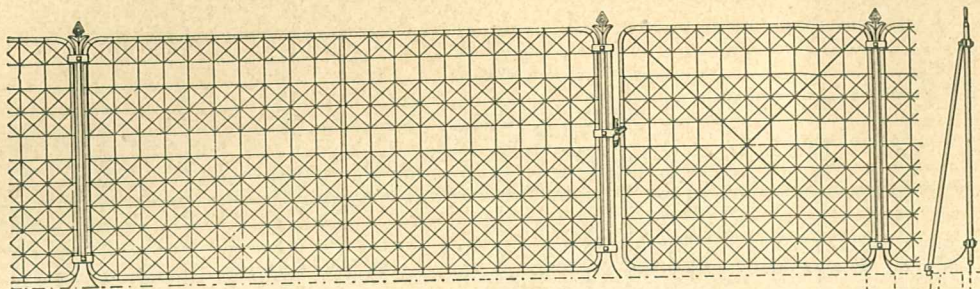
The better judgment you use in stretching up Page Fences, the better satisfaction they will give, and the longer they will last.

Stretch Page Fence with Page Tools.



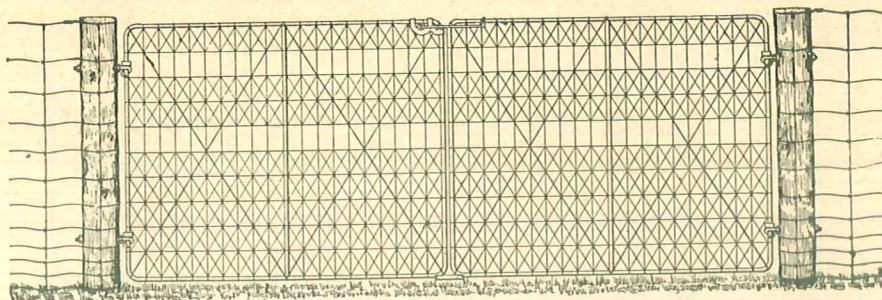
This photograph shows our Ornamental Lawn Fence, which is a combination of the best galvanized wire mesh and painted iron frames, and is made in panels from 6 to 8 feet in length. Price per foot includes iron posts and all necessary trimmings. We also furnish fastenings adapting it to use on the top of stone walls.

The underground parts of the cast-iron posts furnished with this fence are so large at the stirrup-shaped bottom, and taper toward the top so nicely (see cut on next page) that they will not heave from freezing. Dogs have to stay outside and cannot scratch up the lawn where this style of fencing is used. It is fine meshed, handsome and durable, and affords substantial protection. It is remarkably cheap in price, and it does not require an expert to erect it.



ORNAMENTAL LAWN FENCE.

Made in panels 6 to 8 feet in length, wrought-iron frames, mesh of best galvanized wire, frames painted to correspond. Price per foot includes iron posts, and all necessary fastenings and trimmings. We also furnish fastenings adapted to use on top of stone walls.

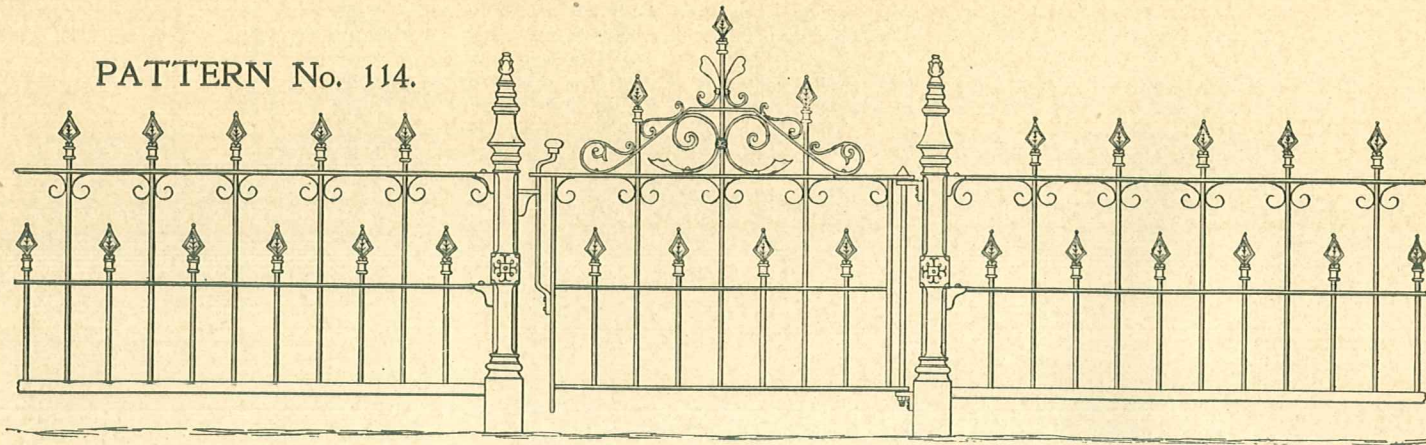


GATES—DOUBLE OR SINGLE.

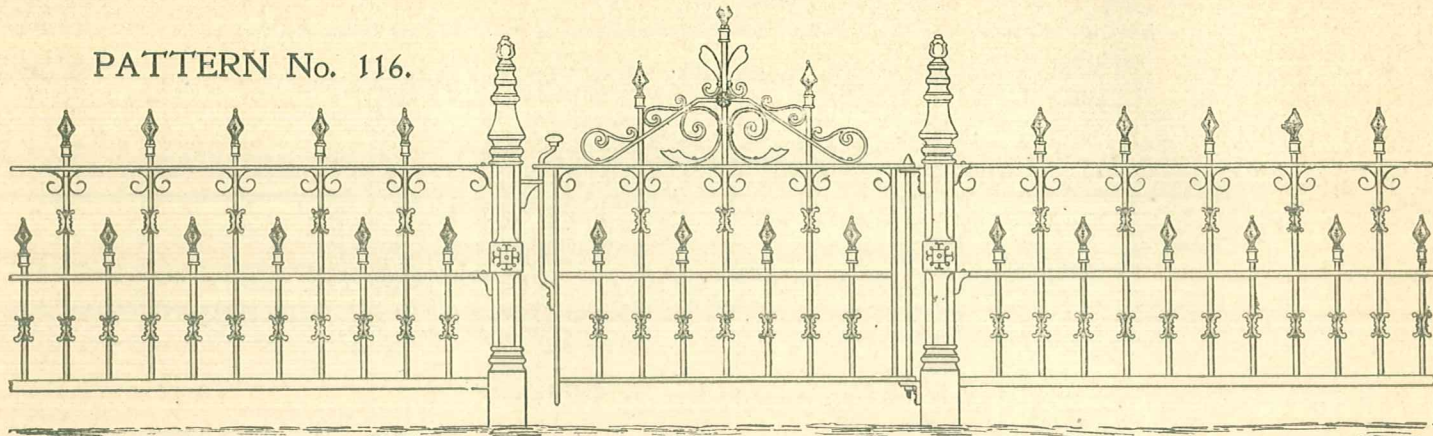
Wrought-iron frames, well braced, strong, light and handsome. In requesting prices, state distance between posts, and whether double or single gate is required. Prices named will include hinges, latches and all trimmings.

In these styles of Ornamental Lawn Fences, and on all our single and double wire gates, the frames are solid round iron, the joints are welded by electricity, and each and every wire is woven on separately and by hand.

PATTERN No. 114.



PATTERN No. 116.

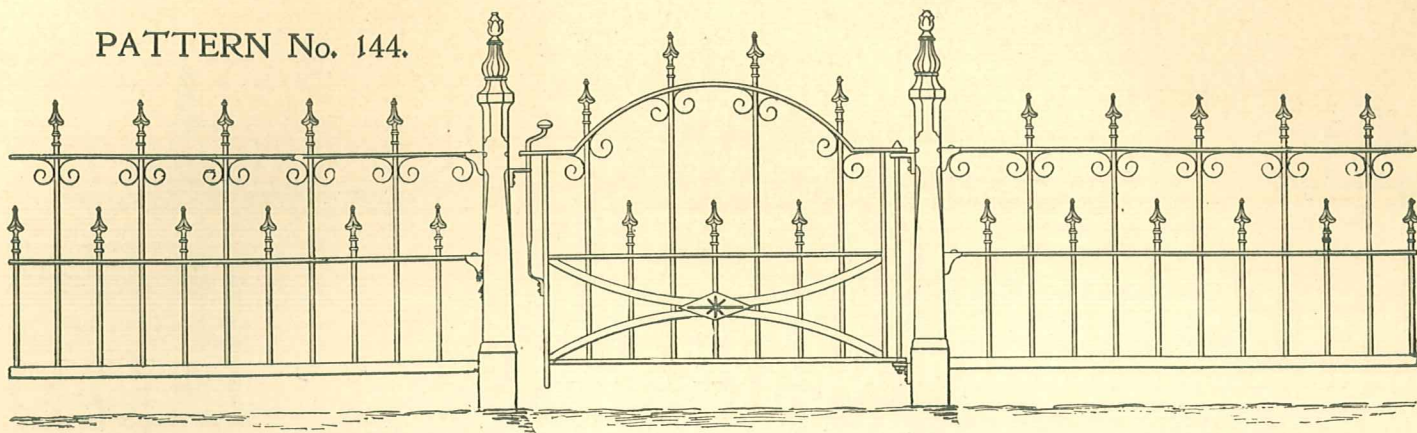


All our fences are well painted before they leave the factory, and are furnished with adjustable line posts and substantial cast foundations every 7 feet the entire length of the fence. The following is a list of the sizes of the above patterns which can be furnished at short notice.

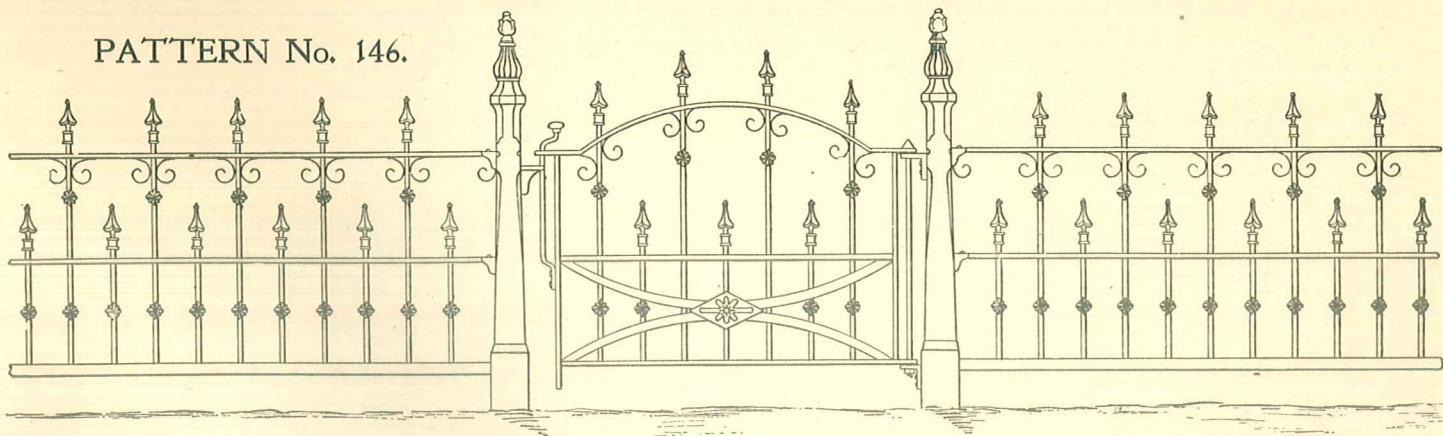
$\frac{3}{8}$ in. round upright pickets, 26 in. high, or about 30 in. high when set, including line posts.							
$\frac{7}{8}$	"	30	"	34	"	"	"
$1\frac{1}{8}$	"	36	"	40	"	"	"
$1\frac{1}{2}$	"	36	"	40	"	"	"
$1\frac{3}{4}$	"	42	"	46	"	"	"
$1\frac{7}{8}$	"	42	"	46	"	"	"
2	"	48	"	52	"	"	"

On account of the extra labor and material required in their construction, the corner and end posts and gates are charged extra.

PATTERN No. 144.



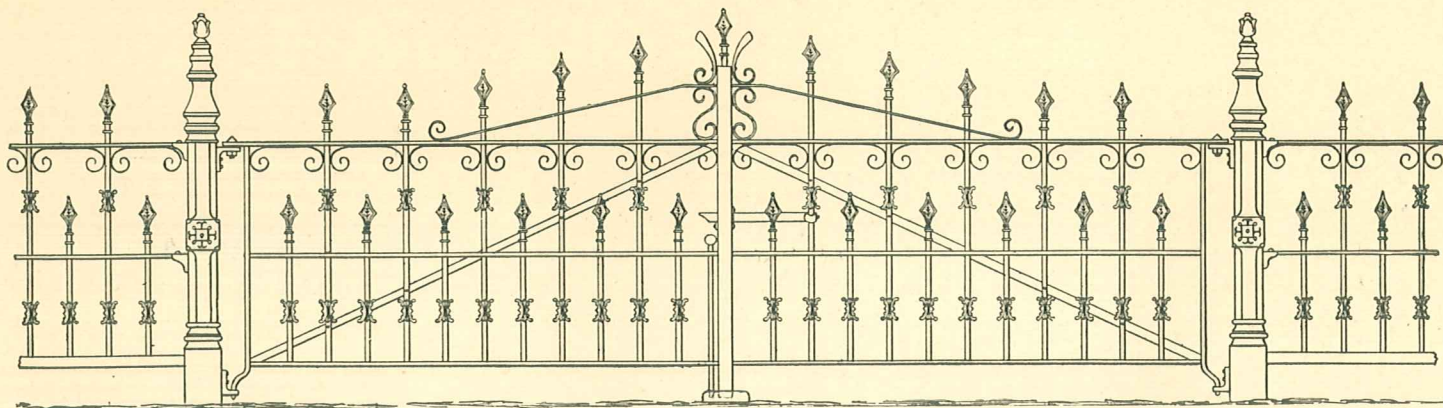
PATTERN No. 146.



We have an extensive Wrought-Iron Fence Plant and make a large variety of Wrought-Iron Fences. Some are quite plain and cheap, while others are very ornamental.

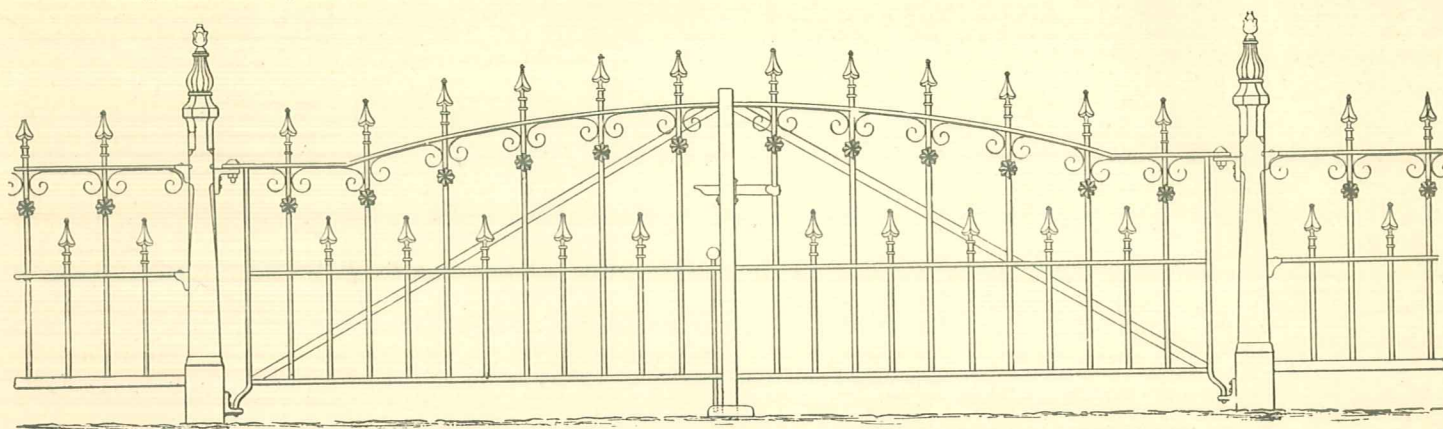
Where a more substantial protection is needed, or in case something in a heavier design than our woven wire, or wire and iron ornamental fences is required to fill out the harmony in the perspective of your lawn and buildings, then the only alternative to be considered is something in this line.

If interested, send for our Illustrated Wrought-Iron Fence Catalogue.



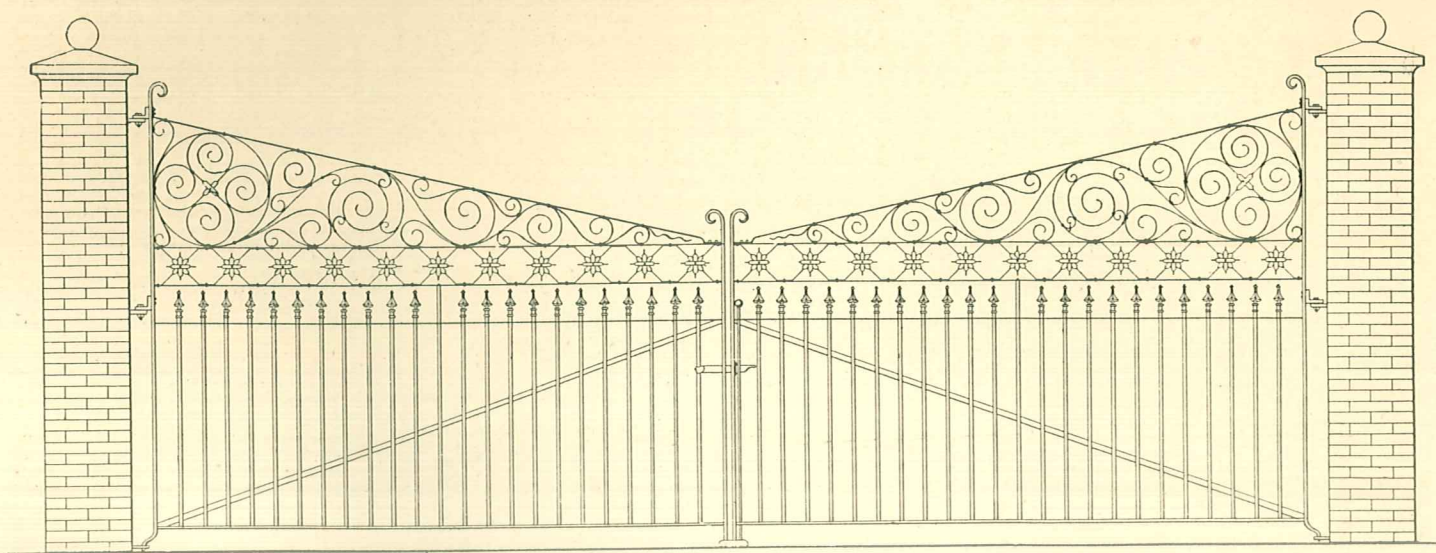
CARRIAGE ENTRANCE, DOUBLE GATES, PATTERN No. 116.

These gates are usually made about 9 feet wide between posts. With changes this gate is made to match patterns Nos. 13, 14, 15, 113, 114, 115.



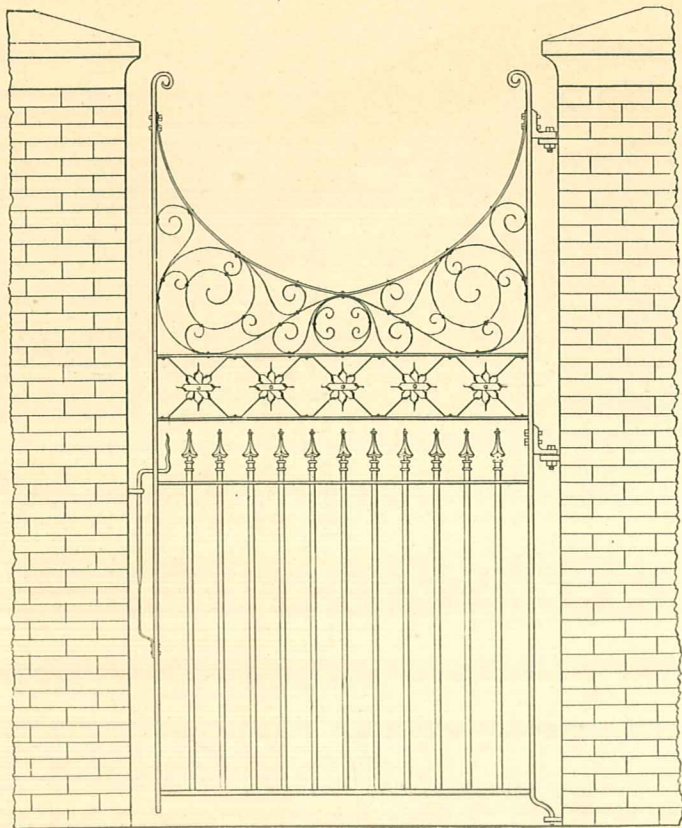
CARRIAGE ENTRANCE, DOUBLE GATES, PATTERN No. 145.

These gates are usually made about 9 feet wide between posts. With scrolls under top rail or rosettes omitted, or with another row of rosettes added, they can be made to match Nos. 143, 144 or 146 pattern fence.



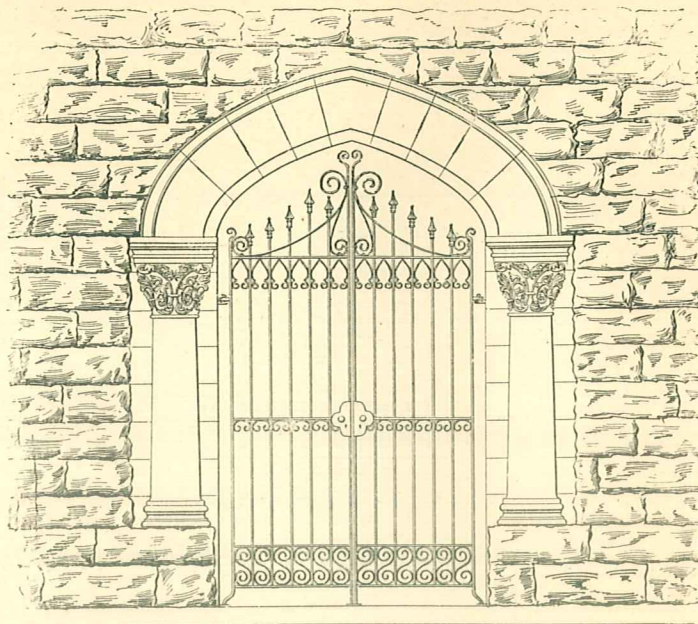
HEAVY WROUGHT-IRON ENTRANCE GATES.

We endeavor to create designs in this kind of work that combine both beauty and durability.
If interested, send us your specifications, and we shall be pleased to give you designs and prices that are right.



FANCY WROUGHT-IRON GATES.

Any size or style. Special designs furnished.



VAULT GATES.

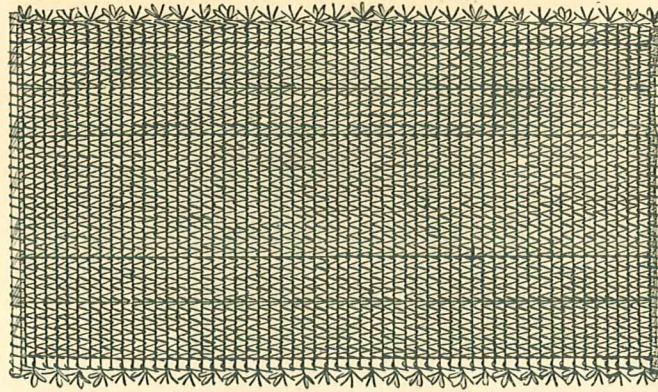
For entrances to mausoleums, vaults, etc. Substantial and ornamental.



DRIVEWAY ARCH—The arch shown above is standing at the entrance to Andersonville Prison Park, Andersonville, Ga.

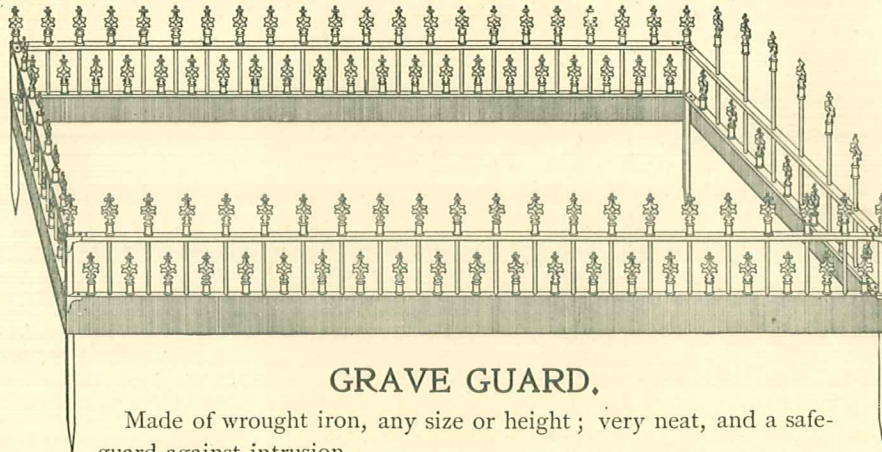
Just underneath this arch, on a metallic tablet, is the following: "This arch was erected by Woman's Relief Corps No. 9, Department of Kansas, and Woman's Relief Corps No. 172, Department of Massachusetts, in memory of the unknown dead at Andersonville, Ga."

SPECIAL DESIGNS AND PRICES FURNISHED.



COILED SPRING DOOR MAT.

An article well worthy of a place at the entrance of every home. IT KEEPS THE MUD OUT DOORS.



GRAVE GUARD.

Made of wrought iron, any size or height ; very neat, and a safeguard against intrusion.



UP AND DOWN.

This illustration shows how a Page Fence is adapted to go up and down, over a hill 30 feet high and 50 feet wide at the base.

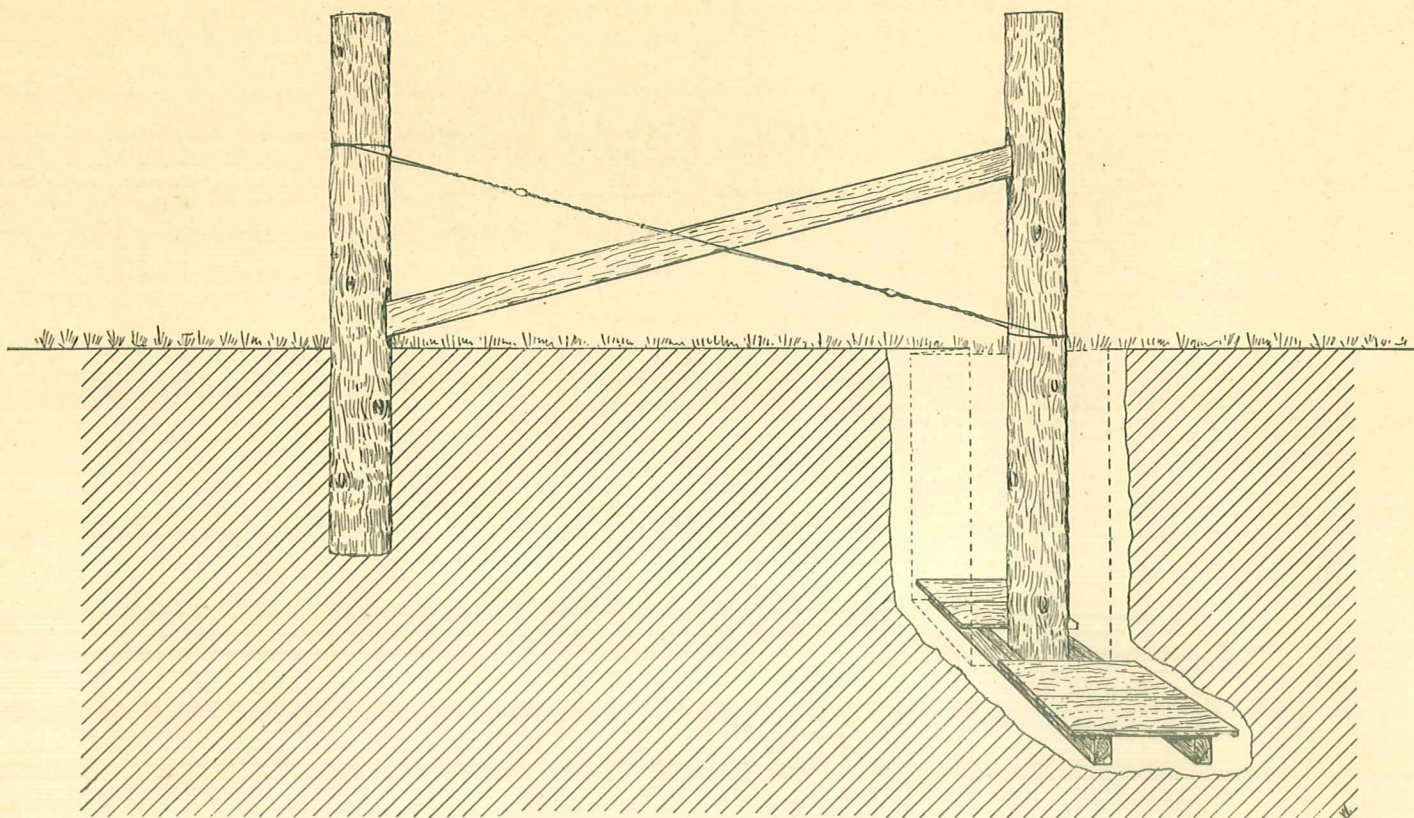
No, that fence wasn't built on the posts ! It was WOVEN on a PAGE LOOM, and the roll was then taken to our fair grounds and stretched up after the posts were set.

That's what we call elasticity and adaptation to hills and ravines.

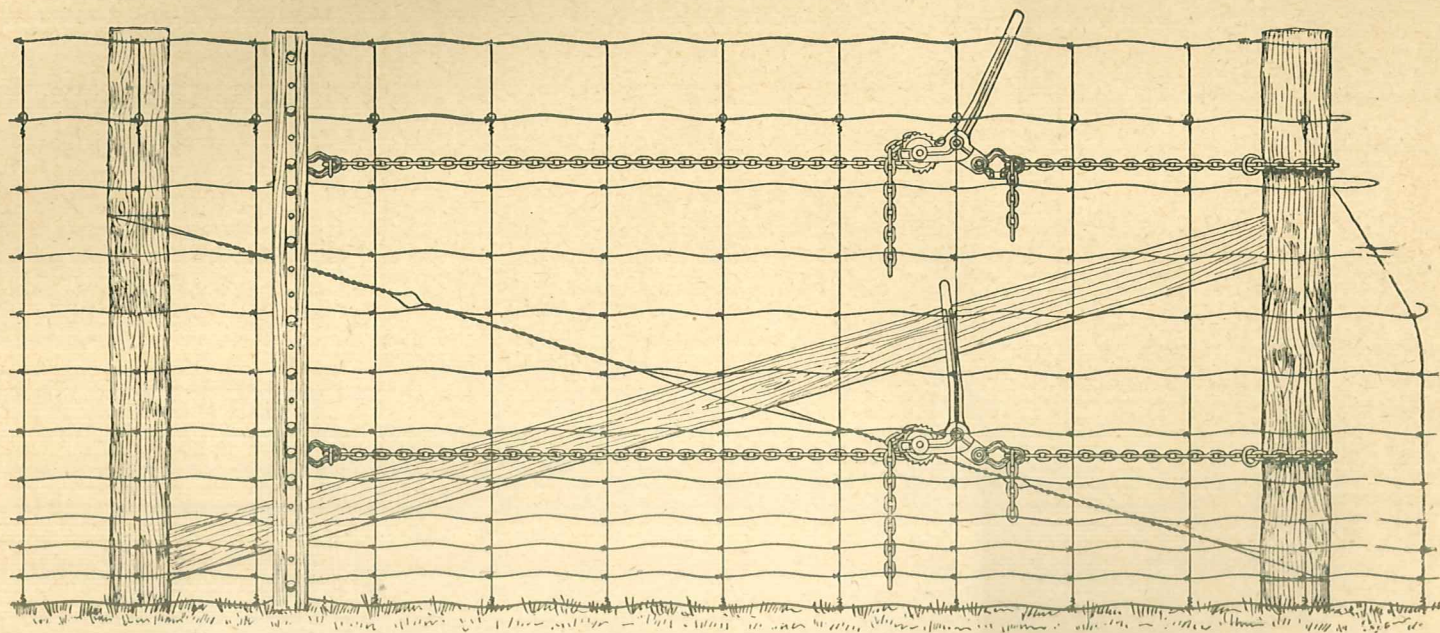
If snow should bank up on our fence and bear it to the ground between the posts, or pull the staples and crush the fence flat, that wouldn't damage it much. You see, the coiled spring would let out, and when the weight was removed it would spring right back up to its place.

Just notice, the cross bars are always perpendicular on the level or on a hill.

Don't it look as though there really was something better about Page Fences ?

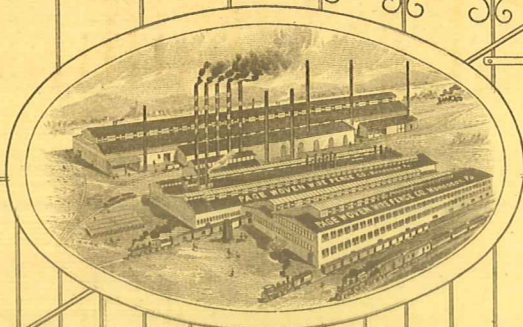


The above sketch presents the proper method of anchoring and bracing end posts where our fencing is used. The constant strain from the coil in the wires, together with the pull from the powerful tools, makes it necessary that the ends be thoroughly secured. No intermediate brace or straining panel is required, but posts set in the lower level of sharp depressions should be anchored, to prevent their being pulled out of the ground.

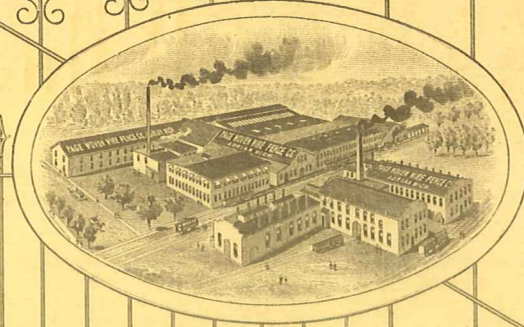


Showing method of attaching tools when pulling fence up to an end or corner post.

A.W.GANO AGENT
CARROLLTON ILE.



WIRE AND FENCE MILL:
MONESSEN, PENN.



FACTORY AND MAIN OFFICE:
ADRIAN, MICH.